M1.	(a)	(i)	3	1
		(ii)	30 000 or 10 000 × their (a)(i) correctly calculated	1
		(iii)	any two from:	
			frequency is above 20 000 (Hz) accept the frequency is 30 000	
			frequency is above the upper limit of audible range	
			upper limit of audible range equals 20 000 (Hz) ignore reference to lower limit	
			it is ultrasound/ultrasonic	2
	(b)	(i)	wave (partially) <u>reflected</u>	1
			at crack to produce A and end of bolt to produce B accept at both ends of the crack	1
		(ii)	0.075 (m) allow 2 marks for time = 0.0000125 allow 1 mark for time = 0.000025 answers 0.15 or 0.015 or 0.09 gain 2 marks answers 0.18 or 0.03 gain 1 mark the unit is not required but if given must be consistent with numerical answer for the available marks	3

[9]

M2. (a) changes the sound wave(s)

to a varying **or** changing (electric) potential difference **or** p.d. **or** voltage **or** current **or** to an irregular alternating current or a.c. **or** transfers sound energy to electrical energy (1) mark is vibrations **or** pulses **or** of sound **or** in air become electrical waves

do not credit just 'to electricity' or 'to a.c'

2

(b) (i) decrease **or** reduce the amplitude accept less amplitude nothing else added

1

(ii) increase the frequency **or** decrease wavelength

1

accept higher frequency nothing else added

[4]

M3. (i) (partly) reflected when they hit a (boundary between two) different media or substance or tissue

accept named substances do **not** accept bounce back

time taken for reflected wave (to return) is used to produce the image

1

1

(ii) any **one** from:

cleaning a delicate mechanism / jewellery
do not accept cleaning

welding plastics

cutting textiles

mixing emulsion paints

sonar

motion sensors (in burglar alarms)

do not accept burglar alarms

removing dental plaque

industrial quality control

breaking up kidney stones

treating injuries

1

[3]

M4.	(a)	(ultı	rasound) waves reflected accept 'bounce off'		
				1	
		at b	oundary / from muscle	1	
	(b)	(i)	time	1	
		(ii)	speed of (ultrasound) waves	1	
				1	[4]

M5.	(a)	anv	two points:	
	()	,	do not credit features which are true of sound in general eg longitudinal waves	
		•	humans cannot hear ultrasound	
		•	it has a <u>very</u> high frequency / pitch do not credit just 'has a high frequency / pitch'	
		•	above the (upper) limit for humans / above 20 000 Hz	2
	(b)	(i)	ultrasound / waves are reflectedare bounced is insufficient, butecho is acceptable	1
			Pulse A indicates / is the crack	
			Pulse B indicates / is the back (of the block or crack) need to mention both A and B to get this mark	1

accept any answer in the range 88 – 92 (mm)

[5]

(ii)

90 (mm)

M6.	(a)	(i)	same frequency / period / pitch / wavelength ignore references to amplitude	1
		(ii)	differences in waveform / shape / quality accept the diagrams are not identical	1
	(b)	(i)	20 000 Hz / hertz	
			or 20 kHz / kilohertz in both cases, if the symbol rather than the name is used, it must be correct in every detail	1
		(ii)	material(s) / substance(s) (through which sound travels)	1
		(iii)	is absorbed	
			accept (some) sound (energy) is transformed / transferred <u>as</u> heat / thermal energy	1
			is transmitted	
			accept is refracted accept changes speed accept changes velocity	
			do not accept is diffracted do not accept is diffused	
			do not accept is dissipated	1

[6]